

ORAL PRESENTATION

Open Access

Functional outcomes characterising mild, moderate and severe hallux valgus

Sheree Nix^{1,2*}, Bill Vicenzino¹, Michelle Smith¹

From Australasian Podiatry Council Conference 2013 Sydney, Australia. 2-5 June 2013

Background

Previous studies investigating functional performance and plantar pressures in HV have reported inconsistent findings. This study investigated functional performance, muscle strength and plantar pressures in otherwise healthy adults with mild, moderate and severe HV compared to controls.

Methods

Sixty adults with HV and 30 controls participated. Functional measures included: hallux muscle strength, walking performance, postural sway and forefoot plantar pressures. Cluster analysis was used to classify HV subjects as mild, moderate or severe based on radiographic HV angle. Multiple analysis of covariance and pairwise comparisons (P<0.05, Bonferroni adjustment) were used to investigate differences between groups, adjusting for age, gender, body mass index and foot pain.

Results

In those with moderate and severe HV, we found reduced hallux plantarflexion (mean differences (MDs) -50.1N to -45.8N) and abduction strength (MDs -12.3N to -11.2N) compared to controls ($P \le 0.01$). A significant reduction in hallux peak pressure (PP) and pressure-time integral (PTI) was evident in moderate HV (MD: PP -90.8kPa; PTI -18.3kPa*s) and severe HV (MD: PP -106.2kPa, PTI -24.4kPa*s) compared to controls (P < 0.01). Those with severe HV demonstrated increased mediolateral postural sway in single leg stance compared to controls (MD 3.5cm, P = 0.01). There were no significant differences in walking performance across groups (P > 0.05).

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

Conclusion

Adults with moderate to severe HV may have reduced hallux plantar pressures and muscle strength, whereas those with mild HV appear to function similarly to controls on these parameters. It is important to consider severity of deformity in HV, and target interventions towards specific functional deficits.

Author details

¹School of Health and Rehabilitation Sciences, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD, 4072, Australia. ²School of Clinical Sciences, Queensland University of Technology, Brisbane, QLD, 4059, Australia.

Published: 31 May 2013

doi:10.1186/1757-1146-6-S1-O30

Cite this article as: Nix et al.: Functional outcomes characterising mild, moderate and severe hallux valgus. Journal of Foot and Ankle Research 2013 6(Suppl 1):O30.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit





^{*} Correspondence: s.nix@qut.edu.au

¹School of Health and Rehabilitation Sciences, The University of Queensland, Brisbane, QLD, 4072, Australia